

After years of enslavement, filled with enthusiasm, ready for anything, they have waited for the right time to come. THE TIME OF PA-TRIOTS. The above words refer to the Poles – a nation which for over 120 years has dreamt of regaining its independence, lost utterly in 1795 as a result of the Three Partitions of Poland, performed by the neighbouring powers - Prussia, Austria and Russia. After many failed attempts, the end of World War I brought about an opportunity to regain freedom at last. The German defeat during the war resulted in an opportunity to reunite the region of Wielkopolska (Greater Poland) with the reborn Polish state. All that was missing was a spark - an impulse that would set things in motion. And then this impulse finally came - in the form of the arrival in Poznań of the world-famous Polish pianist and a candidate for the position of the Polish prime minister, Ignacy Paderewski. In an audacious move, Paderewski decided to come to Poznań in the company of army officers from countries which have won the war, despite the fact that the German authorities have forbidden him to do so.

You have already obtained your game card. Now it is time to head into the city. You should take along an up-to-date map of the city, a pen or pencil and a camera. Inside the game card you will find the map of Poznań of a bygone age.

Level One: THE FERMENT

It is a time of preparation directly preceding the uprising. You will visit places which formed the background for the most important events which led to the beginning of the uprising on December 27. Your mission is as follows: proceed to the location marked with the letter "S" on the map. Look around and try to see which postcard matches what you see. After that, read description S and perform task S. When you do, you will learn the next three letters, in the following order: location - description - task. Continue with this approach until you have filled in the whole table on this page.

Level two: THE UPRISING

In the second part of the game you will learn about the most important events during the first days of the uprising which had a decisive impact on its outcome. Take a look at the other side of the card; you will find postcards, descriptions and tasks similar to those on the first side. The rules are the same as during the first stage. By completing the task in the given location you will be able to learn the letters which point towards the next location, description and task.

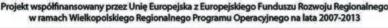
Once you have filled in the entire table, read out the password according to the numbers assigned to individual letters. Enter the password on the www.poznan.travel website using a dedicated form your name will appear on the list of winners. Good luck!

In order to check if the letters obtained at individual stages of the game are correct, compare their value with the control sum specified for each stage. How to calculate the control sum? On the other side of the card you will find the alphabet, along with information on the numbers corresponding to each letter. For example, for letters F, G and H the values are as follows: F=6, G=7, H=8. The control sum is: 6+7+8=21.









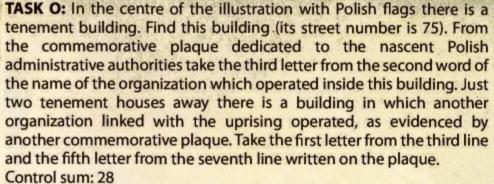
Location S Description

DESCRIPTION M: In the morning of December 27, a rally attended by children from the schools of Poznań has taken place in front of the hotel in which Paderewski has been staying. The composer's wife greeted them from the balcony; the composer himself only met with a number of child delegates in his room. Find the illustrations which shows the balcony scene.

DESCRIPTION S: It happened on December 26, 1918, in the evening. The Germans didn't want to let Paderewski into Poznań, but the crowds of Poles who have come to greet him have escorted the carriage with the guests inside all the way to the hotel, where Paderewski made a short speech to the gathered citizens of Poznań. Which of the pictures provided shows the composer's arrival?

DESCRIPTION L: In the afternoon, German inhabitants of the city of Poznań marched through the streets. The civilians were then joined by armed soldiers from the 6th Grenadier Regiment. During the demonstration, passions rose amongst the Germans and many of them started to behave aggressively, breaking shop windows and tearing down the Polish flags as well as flags of states participating in the winning coalition which were hung out by the Poles. Can you recognize which picture shows this turbulent moment, right before the start of the uprising?

DESCRIPTION Z: About 5 P.M. the first shots rang out. Nobody knows which side fired first. The Poles have concentrated their forces around the Wilhelm Plaza (today known as the Freedom Plaza) in order to protect Paderewski and the coalition officers. A shooting which took place near the police presidium has claimed the life of the first victims - Franciszek Ratajczak and Antoni Andrzejewski. Which of the illustrations depicts this scene?



TASK G: Go to the area where the armed clashes shown in the picture took place and find the commemorative plague dedicated to the sons of Greater Poland. Take the third, sixth and fourth digit from the inscription on the plaque, check which letters in the table on this side of the game card correspond to them and then transfer them - in the same order - to the first column of the table on the other side of the card (letter one – location, letter two – description, letter three – task). Control sum: 31

TASK S: There is a large Latin inscription on the facade of the building (behind Ignacy Paderewski who is visible in the picture). Write down the third letter in this inscription. Underneath the inscription there is a bird, the first letter of its name is also the last letter in the column. The middle letter in the column will be revealed by the old man who has sat down in front of the building. After the uprising he will ensure that a University is established here. Take the third letter of his name. Control sum: 39

TASK K: In one of the illustrations you can see a group of children cheering for Paderewski. The building in the background is linked

with the activities of three famous Poles, as evidenced by commemorative plaques. Find the plaque devoted to "the son of Poland". Read the necessary letters, beginning with the first letter of the name of the founder of the plaque. Do not write it down - move nine letters to the right and write down the letter on which you stop. Next, take the letter which appears two characters further, and then go back fourteen letters. This is the final letter that you need.

Control sum: 34

DESCRIPTION J: In many instances it has been possible to avoid fighting by way of negotiations. German soldiers were tired of the war and revolutionary ideas were flourishing amongst them. Which illustration shows the Polish forces taking over the main guardhouse (guard post), with the German guards marching away?

DESCRIPTION K: Everyone knew that the long-awaited moment has finally arrived. Secret organizations have gone out of hiding. The distribution of stockpiled weaponry has begun. German arms storage depots were also quickly taken over. Which picture shows a scene where weapons are handed out directly out of an automobile to the independently forming Polish forces?

DESCRIPTION H: The citizens of Poznań have taken up arms. The first squads have formed independently, taking military action despite the lack of organization - in order to secure the bridges over the Warta river, obstructing the German reinforcements which arrived from Biedrusko. Which picture shows these events?

DESCRIPTION N: A command structure has gradually emerged, attempting to control the situation. The Polish forces have started to operate according to plan, seizing control of subsequent facilities in the city. On December 28, the squad led by Wincenty Wierzejewski has taken control of a Prussian fort which at that time served as artillery barracks. The Germans were taken by surprise and abandoned the citadel without a fight. Which picture shows German soldiers abandoning the fort?

DESCRIPTION R: After a few days Poznań was virtually a free city. Most of the fighting has now moved on to the surrounding province. On January 5, a military airfield in Ławica was seized after intense clashes. The fighting in the city of Poznań has ended. Now the insurgents were faced with a much more difficult task of maintaining the seized areas. Which picture illustrates the struggle for Ławica?

DESCRIPTION O: Within a short period of time the insurgent forces have transformed into a regular army. The illustration shows the Polish forces led by general Dowbór-Muśnicki taking oath on January 26, 1919, less than a month after the first clashes broke out. Which picture shows these events?

TASK S: Find the monument with a relief depicting the events related to the uprising. Find the scene of the school strike of the children of Września. Next, write down the fifth letter from the first line in the inscription on the monument on the side on which the relief referred to above is located. Drzymała's wagon will point you towards the second letter. Take the second letter from the first line on the side of the relief depicting Michał Drzymała. Take a look at the relief commemorating the first victim of the uprising to learn the final letter. It is the seventh letter in the second line on Franciszek Rataiczak's side.

Control sum: 51

TASK C: In the location in which you now stand you have to use your imagination, since the structure shown in the picture which commemorates the fighting that took place here no longer exists. In the surrounding area you need to find the detail shown in the picture and write down the letters of the corresponding code.

Control sum: 42

TASK P: Using the appropriate illustration, find the place where once the following words resounded: "We shall defend our homeland and the good of our nation to the last drop of blood". Look underneath your feet and write down the eighth letter from the name of the month, in the form in which it appears on the plaque. Take also the fourth letter from the name of the commemorated event and the seventh letter from the designation of its participants.

Control sum: 40

TASK M: On the building shown in the background of this scene there is a commemorative plaque adorned with a crowned eagle. From the name of the first of the commanders mentioned on the plaque (in such form as it appears on the plaque) take the tenth letter; then take the first letter from the name of the second commander and the second letter from the family name of the first officer.

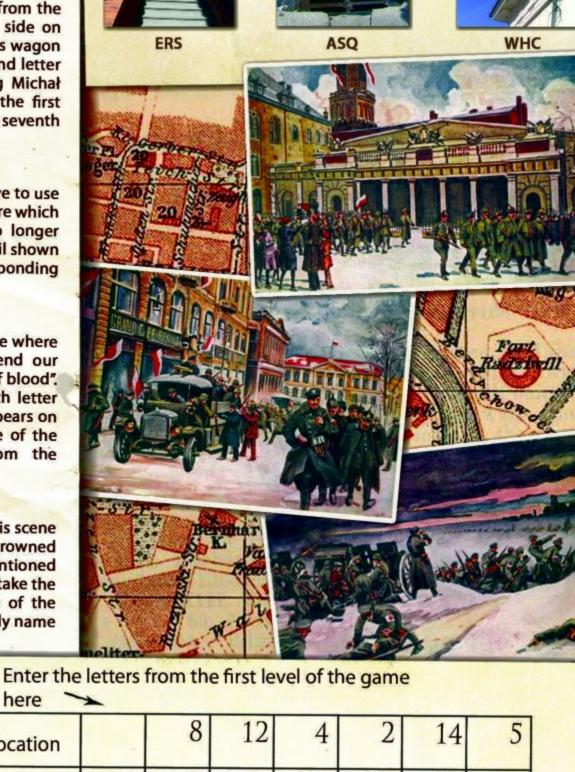
Control sum: 26

TASK B: In the area where the red brick edifice shown in the picture is located, spot the place shown on one of the photographs and write down the letters of the corresponding code.

Control sum: 42

TASK A: Spot the detail shown in the picture of the area where the building which was abandoned by the German guards is located and write down the letters of the code assigned to it.

Control sum: 34



here

Location	8	12	4	2	14	5
Description	3	1	16	7	11	18
Task	15	17	6	13	10	9

Enter the final password here:



OURIST

nhabitants of the city of lians were then joined by Regiment. During the mans and many of them op windows and tearing ates participating in the Poles. Can you recognize



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PLAYER'S AGE

Values assigned to letters for control sums: A=1, B=2, C=3, D=4, E=5, F=6, G=7, H=8, I=9, J=10, K= L=12, M=13, N=14, O=15, P=16, Q=17, R=18, S=19, T=20, U=21, V=22, W=23, X=24, Y=25, Z